

# Solving Systems Algebraically

**Example 1...** Solve each system of equations with substitution.

a.  $y = (x + 3)$   
 $5x + y = 9$

$$\begin{aligned} 5x + (x+3) &= 9 \\ 6x + 3 &= 9 \\ -3 &\quad -3 \\ \frac{6x}{6} &= \frac{6}{6} \quad x=1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 1+3 \\ y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$(1, 4)$$

b.  $2x + y = -1 \rightarrow y = (-2x - 1)$   
 $6x - 3y = -33$

$$\begin{aligned} 6x - 3(-2x - 1) &= -33 \\ 6x + 6x + 3 &= -33 \\ \frac{12x}{12} &= \frac{-36}{12} \\ x &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= -2(-3) - 1 \\ y &= 6 - 1 = 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$(-3, 5)$$

c.  $2x - 3y = 6$   
 $x + y = -12$

$$x = (-y - 12)$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2(-y - 12) - 3y &= 6 \\ -2y - 24 - 3y &= 6 \\ +24 &\quad +24 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x = (6 - 12) &\quad \frac{-5y}{-5} = \frac{30}{-5} \\ x = -6 &\quad y = -6 \end{aligned}$$

$$(-6, -6)$$

**Example 2...** Solve each system of equations with elimination.

a.  $3x + y = -9$   
 $+ -3x - 2y = 12$

$$\begin{array}{r} -y = 3 \\ -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$y = -3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + -3 = -9 \\ +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline 3x = -6 \\ \hline 3 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

$$(-2, -3)$$

b.  $2(4x + 3y = -6)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 6y = -27 \\ + 8x + 6y = 12 \\ \hline 13x = -15 \\ \hline 13 \quad 13 \end{array}$$

$$x = -3$$

$$5(-3) - 6y = -27$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -15 - 6y = -27 \\ +15 \quad +15 \\ \hline -6y = -12 \\ \hline -6 \quad -6 \end{array}$$

$$y = 2$$

$$(-3, 2)$$

c.  $5(3x + 7y = 15)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15x + 35y = 75 \\ -3(5x + 2y = 4) \quad -15x - 6y = 12 \\ \hline 29y = 87 \\ \hline 29 \quad 29 \end{array}$$

$$3x + 7(3) = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x + 21 = 15 \\ -21 \quad -21 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x = -6 \\ \hline 3 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$x = -2$$

$$(-2, 3)$$

**Example 3...** Suppose your drama club is planning a production that will cost \$525 for the set and \$150 per performance. A sold-out performance will bring in \$325. Write an equation for the cost  $C$  and an equation for the income  $I$  for  $p$  sold-out performances. Find how many sold-out performances will make the cost equal to the income. 3 sold-out

$$C = 525 + 150p$$

$$I = 325p$$

$$C = I$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 525 + 150p = 325p \\ -150p \quad -150p \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 525 = 175p \\ \hline 175 \quad 175 \end{array}$$

$$3 = p$$